

FURNITURE

Journal Job Office

THURSDAY, JULY 27, 1893.

THE DISPUTED SENATORSHIP.

As the time for the meeting of congress in extra session approaches, considerable interest is manifested in the senatorial contest from Montana, Wyoming and Washington. At the executive session of the senate last spring the credentials of the new senators from those states were presented and referred to the committee on elections. Majority and minority reports were made by the committee, and the question of admitting the senators was discussed in considerable length, but the senate adjourned before a final decision was reached.

In Montana the legislature, on the face of the returns, stood 35 Democrats, 33 Republicans and 3 Populists. After numerous ballots the legislature adjourned without choosing a senator, and the governor appointed Mr. Mantle to succeed Sanders.

In Washington the legislature had a Republican majority of thirty-eight over Democrats and Populists on joint ballot, but in consequence of local dissensions failed to elect a senator, and the governor appointed John B. Allen, whose term had expired, to succeed himself in the United States senate.

In Wyoming the Republicans had a majority in the senate and the Fusionists controlled the house, the former having twenty-five votes and the latter twenty-four votes on joint ballot. They could not agree upon a candidate for senator and the governor appointed A. C. Beckwith to succeed Warren.

Mantle of Montana, a Republican, and Beckwith of Wyoming, a Fusionist, are for free coinage, and Allen of Washington, a Republican, is not. It is believed that there will be a bitter and protracted fight over the admission of these senators, and as every state is entitled to representation, it will probably will be settled before a vote is taken on the repeal of the Sherman law. It is held by some of the senators that the governor of a state is not authorized to appoint a senator when the legislature fails to elect, while others contend that under the constitution each state is entitled to two United States senators, and the right of the governor to fill a vacancy, no matter what cause it might arise from, is unquestioned when the legislature is not in session. If the three senators named are not seated, the silver cause will lose a vote, as two are outspoken for free coinage.

ANOTHER CAUSE OF HARD TIMES.

Now it is the world's fair that is blamed for hard times by some of the eastern financiers. The New York World assumes that there are 4,000,000 of the American people not keeping a bank account, who for months have been hoarding money, which, in ordinary years, they would have spent, that they may have the means to attend the world's fair. It estimates that \$100 is a fair average of the sum that has thus been gradually withdrawn from circulation by or for each of those 4,000,000 persons, making an aggregate of \$400,000,000. This is probably an excessive estimate, but it is natural to suppose that the aggregate of the small sums which the people have kept lying idle for months, is indeed a vast sum and sufficient to produce a sensible diminution of the active currency of the country.

Of course, says the World, this hoarded money is now being spent, and by November it will all be in circulation again, as it goes into possession of railroad companies, hotel keepers, merchants, etc., who keep bank accounts, and to this extent operates to relieve the stringency.

There are thousands besides those who have been saving for the world's fair that hoard money and keep it out of circulation through the director of the mint and financial officers of the government do not take that matter into consideration in making up their statement of the amount of money in circulation. Those officials give the amount of paper money issued and metallic money coined, and say it is so much per capita, but they make no allowance for the amount destroyed, lost or hoarded. It is known that before and during the present stringency persons reputed to be worth thousands of dollars put their money away where it would not do them or anybody else any good, and thus materially reduced the amount in circulation far below the estimates of the government statisticians.

SPEAKER CRISP IS RIGHT.

The report sent out from Washington that ex-speaker and prospective speaker Crisp, of the house of representatives, had deserted to the gold bugs, is authoritatively denied by his friends. His views on silver have not changed. He has not entered into a compact with anyone concerning the construction committee. He favors free coinage as the only remedy for the present business depression and will make no changes of any consequence in the committees of the house.

The Washington News, which claims to have received its information from a prominent Democrat, who says he saw the statement in Crisp's own handwriting, says Bland will be chairman of the committee on coinage, Holman of appropriations and Springer of ways and means, and the committee will be organized very much as they were before. Bland will not therefore be the figure head of a committee with a majority of its members opposed to his financial views, as has been stated by the enemies of silver.

THE HAWAIIAN TREATY

Unofficially Endorsed by the Government and Council.

THEY BOTH CLAIMED HER

A Pretty Woman's Predicament With Two Men.

FROM HONOLULU.

A New Treaty to be Forwarded to the United States by the Provisional Government.

HONOLULU, July 18, via San Francisco, July 26.—Since yesterday it has been learned positively that the provisional government's policy and position regarding future treaty with the United States are and will continue to be. In brief it is as follows:

The new treaty drawn, which was a document covering objections which arose in the United States during the visit of the Hawaiian commissioners to Washington, will not be forwarded. The treaty matter has been fully discussed in special sessions of councils lately and the draft of a new treaty has within a few days been returned from the committee, which has been endorsed by the government and councils unofficially. The document contains five articles, which are briefly as follows:

Article 1 cedes from date of exchange of ratification of treaty, without reserve, all rights of sovereignty in and over the Hawaiian Islands and dependencies to the United States, to become an integral part thereof.

Article 2 cedes and transfers absolute fee of all government and crown lands, public buildings, ports, harbors, fortifications, military or naval equipments and all public property.

Article 3 provides that the existing government of the Hawaiian Islands and laws relating to its international policy are to be continued for five years, to be executed and carried out under the direction of a United States commissioner, appointed by the president and senate, said commissioner to reside in the Hawaiian Islands with power to veto within ten days any act passed by the local government, which shall thereupon become void, unless afterwards approved by the president of the United States.

Article 4 prohibits the immigration of Chinese laborers into the Hawaiian Islands until such times congress shall provide further legislation. It also prohibits Chinese laborers now here from entering the United States, otherwise immigration and labor laws to remain as they are where they do not come into conflict with the constitution of the United States or such future laws as congress may provide.

Article 5 provides that the public debt shall be assumed by the United States, but the Hawaiian government shall continue to pay interest thereon, congress to provide the future currency of the islands.

The government has decided to include the substance of this new treaty draft in the instructions to Commissioner Alexander and Minjeter Thurston, who will bring the matter before the United States government in the form of suggestions in case President Cleveland decides to finally withdraw the Harrison treaty of annexation and determines to submit therefor a new treaty or some modification of the old.

Professor W. D. Alexander will carry these instructions with him to Washington on the 25th or 27th instant.

CLAIMED BY TWO HUSBANDS.

Each Alleging that the Other Wants His Wife.

CHICAGO, July 26.—Rich Rollin Abel, naty and smiling, sat in Judge Scully's court with his arm around the slender waist of a young lady with red cheeks, a cheerful smile and a lovely green dress. Behind sat a corpulent gentleman with short, gray hair, a wilted collar, a brown, seersucker coat and an unhappy countenance. He was Mr. Steers of Denver, who said he was known in that city as Noble. Each man claimed the young lady as his wife.

The lady admitted that she had been married, but said she had obtained a divorce and married Abel. Steers denied that there had been a divorce. Abel said Steers had another wife in Denver and had tried to blackmail him out of \$5,000 and failing had had her and his wife arrested on a charge of adultery. The court was puzzled and took the matter under advisement. Steers has sworn out another warrant in Hyde Park and if the defendants are discharged will have them arrested again. Pretty Mrs. Steers-Abel shed tears at the hearing to-day.

The governor of Kansas is informed that there are indications of a more peaceful feeling at Weir city, and bloodshed will be averted without interference by the militia. The strikers have promised the sheriff to prevent violence.

President Lawrence of the People's savings bank of Denver, has been arrested on a charge of larceny.

The Vice President at Portland. PORTLAND, Or., July 26.—Vice President Stevenson and party arrived here this morning.

As the train bearing the distinguished party rolled into the Central depot it was greeted by a salute of nineteen guns. Owing to the earliness of the hour only a small crowd of people had gathered at the depot. The party was placed in carriages and driven to the hotel. After breakfast they again took carriages and drove about the city.

At noon the vice president reviewed a procession composed of the police and fire departments, Grand Army posts, First regiment national guard and troop E, Fourth United States cavalry.

Mayor Mason then delivered the address of welcome, to which the vice president fittingly responded.

LET US PRAY FOR THE CONVERTS.

The Silver State is pleased with the evidences of repentance shown by the misguided politicians of this county, and has the following to say of their conversion:

"We rejoice to learn that the gold-bug clique of Washoe county, consisting of the office seeking remnants of the two old parties, are showing signs of repentance and that they are becoming heartily ashamed of the course they have hitherto pursued on the silver question. They have resolved themselves into a non-partisan political organization and stand in for silver. This is well. It is an abandonment of the two old parties and is an assurance of their true conversion to the silver cause. It shows that a leopard may change his spots and a lion his skin. Brethren, let us pray for the converts; that they may not weary in well doing, run and not faint nor fall down by the wayside in the great race between the people and slaveocracy for supremacy."

Telegraphic Notes.

Two negroes outraged Mrs. Archie Slighter at Swansea, S. C. One of them was caught and lynched and a posse is in pursuit of the other.

Everything is quiet at Milwaukee and Indianapolis. The run on the banks has ceased and business is resuming its normal condition.

John Smouse killed his wife and two children at Pittsburg, Pa. and set fire to the house to conceal the crime. Cause supposed to be jealousy.

Claus Spreckles, just from Honolulu, says the provisional government is doomed. Not a quarter of the people favor it and the opinion is that the queen will be restored. The government does not want a vote taken and is doing all in its power to prevent it. Spreckles is a monarchist.

The Erie road has been placed in the hands of a receiver to prevent the sacrifice of securities. D. O. Mills, who is said to be a large holder of Erie stock, says the public must recognize the stringent times through which we are passing. The trouble is that there is very little money and in times like these embarrassments must be expected.

ATHLETIC FEATS.

The Turners are performing some wonderful athletic feats at Chicago, where train loads of them have arrived from the National Turnfest. One pulled himself up on a rope until his feet were 38 feet, 8 inches from the ground. Joseph Krause, in the hop, skip and jump contest, cleared 40 feet. Henry Lutz, lifted the 100-lb dumb-bell twenty times. Fred Bruttling, one of the best all-round men, cleared 5 feet 4 inches on the high jump, 18 feet 6 inches in the long jump, ran 100 yards in 11 1/2 seconds and put the heavy shot 18 feet.

BORN.

MARTIN.—In Reno, Nev., July 25, 1893, to the wife of W. O. H. Martin, a daughter.

Ayer's Pills

Are compounded with the view to general usefulness and adaptability. They are composed of the purest vegetable aperients. Their delicate sugar-coating, which readily dissolves in the stomach, preserves their full medicinal value and makes them easy to take, either by old or young. For constipation, dyspepsia, biliousness, sick headache, and the common derangements of the *Stomach, Liver, and Bowels*; also, to check colds and fevers, Ayer's Pills

Are the Best

Unlike other cathartics, the effect of Ayer's Pills is to *strengthen* the excretory organs and restore to them their regular and natural action. Doctors everywhere prescribe them. In spite of immense competition, they have always maintained their popularity as a *family medicine*, being in greater demand now than ever before. They are put up both in vials and boxes, and whether for home use or travel, Ayer's Pills are preferable to any other. Have you ever tried them?

Ayer's Pills

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass. Sold by all Druggists.

Every Dose Effective

Free Lecture.

Under the auspices of the Viavi Co. at Masonic Hall, Tuesday, August 1st, at 2:30 P. M. Subject, "Children's Rights." The charges were presented by an article in the JOURNAL, Friday, July 14th, upon children's nearsightedness. Every lady is cordially invited, and every young lady over sixteen. I will also tell you some of my experiences in the last four months.

MRS. B. E. HUNTER.

From Boynton's ranch, a black and white Holstein Heifer. A suitable reward will be paid for the recovery of the same.

F. C. UPDIKE.



KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs. Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance. Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists and is bottled and put up in small, neat, and elegant packages, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

WHITAKER HALL

Will Open Wednesday, September 6, 1892.

The year will be divided into two terms of five school months of four weeks each.

TUITION FOR DAY PUPILS:

Primary Department - \$12 50

Academic Department - \$20 00

Music, Drawing and Painting are Extra.

French, German and Piano Practice are Free.

Town patronage respectfully solicited.

Boys under ten years of age will be received from the town as day pupils.

For further particulars address Jy26w1 WHITAKER HALL.

RAILROAD EXCHANGE

(OFF. PASSENGER DEPOT).

RENO, - - NEV.

E. F. SMITH PROPRIETOR

THE RAILROAD EXCHANGE IS A FIRE-PROOF building, and contains eighty-seven neatly furnished rooms, with all modern conveniences, such as

Electric Lights,

Electric Bells,

Bathrooms,

Closets, Etc.

The Tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the season.

HOUSE OPEN UNTIL MIDNIGHT.

-A- FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED.

-B- RUNNERS AT ALL TRAINS.

THE REAL ESTATE BULLETIN.

\$2,500.—8 Room Cottage Eastlake finish, one block from University. Lot 7x140. Modern Improvements.

\$300.—Lot 7x150. Second street. Pawning Addition.

\$2,800.—Fine New 5 Room Cottage. Eastlake finish. Lot 100x95. Second street.

\$385.—Nice Home Marsha's Addition. A golden opportunity for a poor man.

\$1,400.—House, New, 8 rooms. Eastlake finish, well plumbed. Virginia street.

\$2,600.—The Jacques place, with 2 lots in rear, facing Granite street.

\$975.—Lot on Bell street.

\$700.—2 fine lots, Second street, Pawning Addition.

\$1,200.—Buys you a very nice hard-finished house, one and a half stories high, with 3 rooms. Lot 50x100. In Western Addition.

Information furnished to would-be settlers.

Lands in California. Lands in Nevada. Lots in Nevada's Metropolis.

CHEAP LANDS FOR SETTLERS.

Titles Perfect.

No promises to deliver water, but unquestionable water rights go with places.

Henry B. Rule,

The Real Estate Agent,

31 and 33 Virginia Street, Reno, Nevada.

VIAMI.

Also For Sale At

Miss L. F. Sheldon's Art Rooms,

Also of the Local Agents.

I would be pleased to answer all questions, either personally or by letter, regarding the many diseases which VIOLET CURE Cures.

MRS. B. E. HUNTER.

PROPOSALS TO PAINT ENGINE HOUSE.

Proposals will be received up to 10 o'clock A. M. Monday, August 21, 1893, for the painting of the Reno Engine House.

The bids and ends to be given two coats of lead and oil, the roof to be painted with mineral and oil. The board reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

O. EVANS, Clerk.

Reno, July 17, 1893.

JOHN SUNDERLAND'S ADVERTISEMENT.

A BIG CUT IN CLOTHING!

From and after this date, June 1st, I shall sell all my MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING, UNDERWEAR, SOCKS AND HATS,

And anything in my stock cheaper than the same class of goods can be bought anywhere on the coast.

Men's Fine Sack Suits \$6 00
Men's Fine Sack Suits 7 00
Men's All Wool Sack Suits 8 00
Men's All Wool Sack Suits, any color 10 00
Men's Best Suits 12 00
Youth's Sack Suits, 14 to 18 5 00
Youth's Sack Suits, 14 to 18 6 00
Youth's Sack Suits, 14 to 18 7 00
Youth's Sack Suits, 14 to 18 8 00
Men's Underwear per Suit 1 00
Men's Fine Balbriggan per Suit 1 50

I have Fine Balbriggan for \$2, \$2.50 and \$3 per Suit.

Boys' Knee Suits from 4 to 12 years.

Boys' Suits \$2.00, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$3.50 \$4 00

I HAVE A LARGE LINE OF MEN'S AND BOYS' STRAW HATS,

which will be sold regardless of cost.

Men's Neat Late Style Straw Hats, price from 25 cents to \$1 50

Children's Straw Hats from 10 cents to \$1 00

TRUNKS.

I have ONE HUNDRED TRUNKS of Eastern manufacture,

which I propose to sell AT COST, prices as follows.

\$3.50, \$4, \$5, \$5.50, \$6, \$7, and \$8.

I have them in all sizes. Can accommodate anyone, either in size or price.

JOHN SUNDERLAND,

Virginia St., - - - Reno, Nev.

THE KEELEY CURE.

AN INSTITUTION POSSESSING THE SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE RIGHT To Sell and Administer in the State of Nevada the

DOUBLE CHLORIDE GOLD REMEDIES,

Discovered and prepared only by Dr. Leslie E. Keeley, of Dwight, Illinois, for the cure of the

Liquor, Morphine and Tobacco Habits, And Neurasthenia,

—WILL BE OPENED—

IN CARSON CITY, JULY 10, 1893.

Under the Management of Dr. G. E. Sumdrell.

Dr. Sumdrell has been in charge of the Institute at Los Gatos, California, ever since it opened, and has successfully treated more than one thousand patients there.

For particulars address, W. C. WATSON, Station "C," SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. my16

SWISS SALOON,

J. REA & P. MARRA, Props.,

Center Street, Near Western Union Office.

P. O. Box 517, RENO, NEV.

FINE WINES AND BRANDIES.

Claret and White Wine

50 Cents per Gallon.

Low rate given at Wholesale.

Also Fine Sherry and Port Wine.

A carload of Claret and White Wine just received.

Goods delivered to any part of the city free of charge.

Winery and Distillery at Gilroy,

P. O. Box 3, GILROY, Cal.

Je 21st

JULIUS TEITELBAUM,

The Favorite Tailor

OF RENO, NEVADA.

Has returned to remain permanently.

Suits Made to Order,

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

The Latest Fashion Plates for

LADIES' CLOAKS AND JACKETS.

Ladies do not buy your Jackets ready made, but call at my tailoring emporium and have one of the latest pattern and newest styles made to order.

Cleaning and Repairing Done With Neatness and Dispatch.

Shop on Virginia street, next door to the old Justice Office.

CHARLES E. CLOUGH,

BUILDER, ARCHITECT,

AND CONTRACTOR,

RENO, NEVADA.

Plans for buildings and estimates of cost furnished. Contracts taken for any style or style building. Residence near the University. Orders left at Sunderland's shoe store will receive prompt attention.

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DIAMONDS

Of Our Own Importation at Wholesale Prices

AT R. HERZ'S

THE RENO JEWELER.

Leading Boot and Shoemaker

—OF RENO DEALER IN—

BOOTS & SHOES

The Cheapest House in Town

ALL WORK DONE IN A WORKMANLIKE MANNER.

No Botch Work Allowed to Go Out of the Shop.

H. F. PAVOLA.

Next door to Berry & Novacovich's Store, Commercial Row, Reno, Nev.

T. K. HYMERS,

TRUCKEE LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE.

Sierr Street, Reno, Nevada.

Horses, Buggies and Saddle Horses

—TO LET—

And Horses Boarded by the Day, Week or month at Terms to Suit the Times.

I have also a large hay yard with good stables. Also corals well watered for loose stock. HARRIS TO LET.

TAKE NOTICE.

COMPLAINT HAVING BEEN MADE TO me that pedestrians, especially ladies, are endangered by horses and carriages picked in the streets, notice is hereby given that all animals found picketed in the streets within the town limits after this date, July 6th, will be impounded and the ordinance relating thereto will be strictly enforced.

H. F. BROWN, Chief of Police.

Reno, July 6, 1893.

"German Syrup"

Here is an incident from the South—Mississippi, written in April, 1890, just after the Grippe had visited that country. "I am a farmer, one of those who have to rise early and work late. At the beginning of last Winter I was on a trip to the City of Vicksburg, Miss., where I got well drenched in a shower of rain. I went home and was soon after seized with a dry, hacking cough. This grew worse every day, until I had to seek relief. I consulted Dr. Dixon who has since died, and he told me to get a bottle of Boschee's German Syrup. Meantime my cough grew worse and worse. I was very severely affected, and I got to be very nervous. I was using them, and before taking much of the second bottle, I was entirely clear of the cough that had hung to me so long, the Grippe, and all its bad effects. I felt tip-top and have felt that way ever since." PETER J. BRIALS, Jr., Cayuga, Hines Co., Miss.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DR. E. C. PHELPS.

DENTIST—OFFICE IN BANK OF NEVADA, new building, Reno, Nev. All operations in MODERN DENTISTRY skillfully executed at reasonable rates and satisfaction guaranteed.

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DR. W. A. PHILLIPS—Office hours, 8 to 10 A. M. and 1 to 3 P. M. Residence, Corner Sierra and First streets.

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BENJAMIN F. CURLER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY

—OF—

WASHOE COUNTY.

OFFICE AT COURTHOUSE.

WM. WEBSTER,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

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OFFICE—First National Bank Building, upstairs.

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Office hours from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M. daily. Office and residence on Center street, near 1st, Reno, Nev. J 1917

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Deeds and other papers drawn and acknowledgments taken at reasonable rates.

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Twenty years' experience in Nevada.

Will attend to orders from outside towns. References from Carson, Hawthorne, Wadsworth, Ametee and other places.

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DENTIST—Graduate of the College of Dentistry, University of California, formerly with and successor to Dr. Mayo A. Greenlaw, Parlor in Powling Building, Virginia street. Office hours from 9 A. M. until 5 P. M. Nitrous Oxide Gas administered for the painless extraction of teeth. All operations in dentistry skillfully performed and satisfaction guaranteed. apr 28

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RENO, NEVADA

H. B. MAXSON, C. E.

UNITED STATES DEPUTY MINERAL

Surveyor for Arizona and Nevada.

OFFICE—Court-house, Reno, Nev. my 17

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DR. H. A. FREDRICK, FOR-

merly of the University of California, gradu-

ately located in Reno, and can be found at

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Fredrick has a complete outfit of the

improved instruments, and will guar-

antee to do nothing but the best of work. J 1917

OLD CLOTHES MART.

OLD CLOTHES MART IN LONDON ALL DRIFT TO A FAMOUS PLACE.

Old Clothes Mart in Houndsditch Attracts Hundreds of Thousands of People Who Want to Wear Expensive Apparel, but Can't Pay Very Much For It.

Down in the unsavory and ill favored quarter of Houndsditch, behind the area of the city where countless gold is made and turned over, there is an enclosed space, part of the so called Phila buildings, which goes by the descriptive name of the Old Clothes Mart. Admission to it is obtained on payment of a penny as entrance fee, collected by a man sitting at the barrier that divides the area from the emporium of general aspect.

The general appearance of the street and the far from inviting, and a collection of rags and decrepitude. The floor is nothing more than the pavement. The roof is the sky, and in rain or sunshine the heaps of clothes are exposed without protection to the changes of the capricious London climate. On slushy days they present a lamentable appearance.

There are no benches or stalls, as in other markets, only lines of wooden railing running along the inclosure marked out in lengths and apportioned to the different vendors. The goods are packed in sacks or bundles deposited on the flags, and at the open mouth or top of each is displayed a sample of its contents, which is also temptingly laid across the rail, whence depend the legs of trousers, the sleeves of dresses, the collars of shirts, the soles of boots or the handles of sticks and umbrellas. The goods vary considerably in quality and aspect. Some are moldy, tattered or colorless; others are in fairly good condition, clean and serviceable.

Old Clothes Mart is victimized by hawkers who hunt certain suburban districts to purchase the cast off garments of the more modest inhabitants—those who do not hesitate to discuss the conditions of the business in person at their front doors. The dealers are not carried on in cash. The hawkers, with astute knowledge of human nature, offer in exchange crockery, plaster figures or even flowers in pots, experience having successfully proved that a bust, a pair of vases or a water bottle worth sixpence is infinitely more tempting than a shilling, and the buyer has the satisfaction of emptying the barrow laden with flashy, worthless articles at a profit of 50 per cent.

When his original stock in trade is replaced by wearing apparel, the hawkers adjourn to the neighborhood of the mart, where he finds a group of men calling themselves commission buyers who bid against each other for the whole lot. The successful competitor forthwith distributes his bargains among the holders of the railed off compartments inside, who endeavor to retail them to the customers who have paid the entrance fee. The best of these customers are always Irish buyers. They carry off whole quantities for Belfast, Dublin, Cork and other localities beyond the channel. Taking into consideration the nature and general appearance of the consignments, it is startling to learn on good authority that occasionally £30 and even £40 have been paid down in cash for one lot. Credit is never given, and payment precedes the delivery of the goods.

Hats, which, as a rule, are the most deplorable objects, fetch but little, yet are eagerly bought whatever their state. They are sent to Paris for the sake of the silk on them and there manufactured into new ones. Coats vary more in price than any other article; some go for a penny, some for sixpence and upward to £3. There was a legend on the mart that one coat was actually sold for "a tanner."

Clothes that have been worn by the highest and richest in the land have found their downward way to Houndsditch, not excepting those once belonging to the Prince of Wales, not that the noble owners are a party to the desecration, but because the valets whose perquisites they become know of this way of realizing money for them. The bargains are advantageous to all parties. Some of the shabby, respectable and poverty stricken looking raiment holders at the mart, the men who huddle desperately over a shilling, are well to do capitalists. One of them is the proprietor of several houses in a good quarter of London. Others have a large balance at the bank, and others still own considerable property in stocks and shares. They turn over thousands of pounds in the course of a year, which is not surprising, as the mart is opened every day and visited by 600 or 700 people on week days and by 4,000 or 5,000 on Sundays. A notable particularity is that while on week days the stalls are free and a charge is made for the admittance of the public on Sundays the stallholders pay a small fee and the customers enter gratuitously.

The mart is open from 11 to 6. It is a favorite lounge for the dwellers in the district, while those on business intent flock to it from great distances.

The old clothes mart of Houndsditch is not comprised in the list of the 100 markets mentioned in the report of the committee of public control, and it may therefore be supposed to exist with impunity. It has been in working order for about 60 years and is an important one in its line. Its trade extends to Spain and the Cape, whither go the renovated costumes and repaired goods. France and Scotland receive their consignments in their unregenerate state and treat them according to their own requirements.—London Cor. New York Sun.

Curious People in Russia.

"The Christs" are a curious set in Russia. They worship each other! The chief ceremonies are a crazy species of dancing, yelling as loudly as possible and pounding stones with sticks.

The "Skoptsy" believe in self mutilation, but will not submit to amputation even though it would save life. Like the "Christs," they dance and yell for hours without intermission.—Philadelphia Press.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

WOOD FOR SALE.

Four-foot Wood Delivered

for \$5.00 a Cord.

Leave orders at Marcus Fredrick's Clear Store

J. F. Altkan

BALD HEADS!

What is the condition of yours? Is your hair dry, harsh, brittle? Does it split at the ends? Has it a lifeless appearance? Does it fall out when combed? Is it full of dandruff? Does your scalp itch? Is it dry or in a heated condition? If these are some of your symptoms beware of time or you will become bald.

Skookum Root Hair Grower

It is a little thing to speak of, but so of common comfort which is, daily use has almost lost its sense, and yet on the ear it will fall like the sweetest music.—Tal-

One View of an Income Tax.

If incomes are to be taxed, let them all—each for itself—contribute a fair share and part of the general amount. Under no other condition can a tax on incomes be justified. It is the first law of all equitable taxation that it shall be without discrimination; that it shall be uniform.

An income tax levied only upon a single class, and that class largely distinguished for its achievements in building up the wealth, power and dignity of the nation and especially for providing incomes to the millions to whom it gives employment, is a tax which only the most forbidding spirit of socialism can defend in a country like this, the government of which is of all the people, by all the people and for all the people.

Class legislation is native to the monarchial, not the democratic form of government. Class distinctions of any kind are not wanted here, and there can be none which is more out of sorts with American institutions than an income tax imposed solely upon those who achieved wealth by honorable, useful efforts, all which are of advantage to the country.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Indignant Clerks.

The wild outburst of indignation at the inquest into the deaths of the victims who perished in Ford's theater at Washington was only a natural result of the tragedy and what led up to it. The survivors had for years been kept quiet by official discipline. Secretary Lamont's letter read at the inquiry cut away the last pent up fury of those whose bread and butter had depended upon the daily risk of life, for it clearly stated that none should suffer on account of any evidence given. A crowd of department clerks clamoring for the lynching of their head at an official inquiry was a new experience of Washington, which is hardly likely to be repeated.

The Ford's theater disaster has been a great loss to the city. It is a pity that it should have occurred at all.—New York Evening Post.

Applied Women in Choirs.

The city of New Jersey has forbidden the women of his church choirs to wear veils. The vestments are worn by several women choirs in New Jersey, notably by St. Bartholomew's choir. The long black veils are worn by the women, and are rather oppressive, while the wearing of the little cap is of course in accordance with the ancient tradition that women must not appear with uncovered heads in the churches. The strictly correct covering, however, is the band about the forehead, to which is fastened a long black veil to be thrown back over the head.—Philadelphia Press.

Novelist Black's Courteous Letter.

William Black, the English novelist, believes that all his utterances have a commercial value. In reply to an invitation from a London newspaper to contribute to a symposium on the question "Is Fiction Dying?" he wrote, "I am extremely obliged to you for your kind and interesting note to contribute to your publication, but you have forgotten to say what your terms are."

To Brace Up.

The system after "La Grippe," pneumonia; fevers; and other prostrating acute diseases; to build up needed flesh and strength, and restore health and vigor when you feel run down and used up, the best thing in the world is Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It promotes all the bodily functions, rouses every organ into healthful action, purifies and enriches the blood, and through it cleanses, repairs, and invigorates the whole system.

For the most stubborn scrofulous skin or scalp diseases, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and kindred diseases, the "discovery" is the only remedy that is guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

Can you think of any thing that is more convincing than the promise that is made by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy? It is this: "If we can't cure your catarrh, we will pay you \$500 in cash."

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ning brethren are respectfully invited to

attend. S. M. JAMISON, Secretary.

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NEVADA LODGE, No. 5, A. O. U. W.,

meets every Tuesday night at 7:30 o'clock

at Masonic Hall, Reno, Nevada. All sojour-

ning brethren are respectfully invited to

attend. E. L. SEITZ, M. W.

B. C. SHARREN, Recorder.

A. O. U. W.

NEVADA LODGE, No. 3, I. O. R. M.,

meets every first and third Saturday

of every month at their Wigwag, over the

Congregational church. All members in

good standing and all sojourning Red Men

are invited to attend.

I. O. R. M.

MINNEAPOLIS Tribe No. 3, I. O. R. M.,

meets every first and third Saturday

of every month at their Wigwag, over the

Congregational church. All members in

good standing and all sojourning Red Men

are invited to attend.

Amity Lodge, No. 8, K. of P.

THE REGULAR MEETINGS OF AMITY

Lodge, No. 8, K. of P., Knights of Pyth-

ons are held in Masonic Hall, every Friday

evening commencing at 8 o'clock sharp. All

Knights in good standing are fraternally in-

ited to attend. By order of the Chancellor

Commander, S. J. HODGKINSON.

Oct 24th K. of R. & S.

Truckee Lodge, No. 14, I. O. O. F.

TRUCKEE LODGE, No. 14, I. O. O. F.,

will meet in their new hall, near the

west side of Sierra St., near the Gol-

den Hotel, Reno, Nevada, every Wed-

nesday evening commencing at 8 o'clock. Full

attendance of members is requested. Visiting

members in good standing are cordially in-

ited to attend. JOHN BOWMAN, Secretary.

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